CIRCAEA ALPINA L. (ONAGRACEAE) IN THAILAND

Craib (1931) included Circaea alpina L. in his "Florae Siamensis Enumeratio" on the basis of a collection made by Kerr at Doi Chiengdao. Fifty years later Shimizu et al. (1981), without citing specimens or references, included C. alpina in their preliminary list of temperate species in the flora of Thailand. Previously, Gagnepain (Gagnepain in Lecomte, 1921) provided a key to five species of Circaea to be expected in "Indo-China," and described and illustrated (p. 983, fig. 107: 17–22) C. mollis Sieb. & Zucc., the only species known at the time from the region he was treating.

In my monograph of Circaea (Boufford, 1982) I did not attribute any members of the genus to Thailand. Since then, however, I have seen two specimens of the Kerr collection cited by Craib. These specimens are Circaea alpina L. subsp. imaicola (Asch. & Mag.) Kitamura; they apparently remain as the only collection of the genus made to date in Thailand. Label data of the Kerr specimens are: Thailand, Doi Chiengdao, ca. 2,100 m, on mossy rocks, A. F. G. Kerr 6607 (ABD, K).

Circaea alpina subsp. imaicola has been collected in similar situations in north and west Burma and in extreme northwestern Vietnam. Although its occurrence in Thailand at about 20°N latitude is somewhat south of the main range of distribution, it is not as far south as the populations in southern India at about 10°N latitude

where the subspecies is found at about the same elevation. Another species, *C. mollis* Sieb. & Zucc. has been collected in northern Burma, northern Laos, and in extreme northwestern Vietnam. Throughout its range *Circaea mollis* occurs at lower elevations and generally at lower latitudes than *C. alpina* subsp. *imaicola*. It is also to be expected in Thailand, and both taxa should be sought wherever temperate elements are found.

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